## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

Mathematics is a creative and highly inter-connected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A high-quality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world, the ability to reason mathematically, an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics, and a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about the subject. By the end of key stage 2, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes as specified in the document below.

## Pupils should be taught:

- To become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, including through varied and frequent practice with increasingly complex problems over time so that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge rapidly and accurately.
- To reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an argument, justification or proof using mathematical language.
- To solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions.

| Reception | Across the year leading to Summer term |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | EYFS use the Birth to 5 Matters document to support their curriculum. The children work towards the Early Learning Goals. We use the White Rose Maths Hub as a key resource, with other resources as appropriate, to support this. This will be covered as children-led activities and focused teaching. Other areas such as geometry and measures will be covered throughout the curriculum within our topic work. |
| Number | - Have a deep understanding of number to 10 , including the composition of each number. <br> - Subsite (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5 . <br> - Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10 , including double facts. |
| Numerical <br> Patterns | - Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. <br> - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. <br> - Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 , including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally. |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Topics |  |  |
| Studied | Number and place value <br> Addition and subtraction <br> Multiplication and division <br> Fractions (including decimals and percentages) <br> Measurement <br> Geometry - Properties of shapes <br> Geometry - Position and direction | Number and place value <br> Addition and subtraction <br> Multiplication and division <br> Fractions (including decimals and percentages) <br> Measurement |
| Geometry - Properties of shapes |  |  |
| Geometry - Position and direction |  |  |
| Use and Interpret Data |  |  |

-Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20 (9 + 9, 18-9), including zero

- Solve simple one-step problems (in familiar practical contexts, including using quantities) that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems e.g. $3+=$ 7
- Problems should include vocabulary such as: put together, add, altogether, total, take away, more than, less than...
- Represent, memorise and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10 , in several forms, and begin to know doubles to 20 e.g. $8+8=16$ complements to 20 e.g. 8 $+12=20$
- Represent, memorise and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 , in several forms e.g. $9+7=$ 16; $16-7=9 ; 7=16-9$
- Solve simple one-step problems (in familiar practical contexts, including using quantities) that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems e.g. $7=\square$ 9

Multiplication and Division
-Using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures

- Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods
- Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100
- Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:
$>$ a two-digit number and ones;
$>$ a two-digit number and tens;
$>$ two two-digit numbers e.g. 34+29;
$>$ adding three one-digit numbers e.g. $6+5+4$
> Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and missing number problems.
$>$ Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
> Use the language 'sum' and 'difference' e.g. find two numbers with a difference of 6 ( 3 and 9,10 and 16..)
- Recall doubles and halves to 20
- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
- Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication ( $\times$ ), division ( $\div$ ) and equals ( $=$ ) signs


## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  |  | - Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot <br> -Recognise and use the inverse relationship between multiplication and division in calculations <br> -Relate multiplication and division to grouping and sharing discrete e.g. counters and continuous quantities e.g. water, and relating these to fractions and measures e.g. $40 \mathrm{~cm} \div 2$ $=20 \mathrm{~cm} ; 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 40 cm <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts e.g. there are 10 pencils in a box, I have 5 boxes and 3 spare pencils, how many do I have altogether? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fractions (including decimals and percentages) | - Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape, length or quantity e.g. Find half of a length of string, by folding; <br> - Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape, length or quantity e.g. What is half of 12 counters? <br> - Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity e.g. find a quarter of a shape, by folding in half and half again find $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 beads, practically | -Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity <br> -Write simple fractions e.g. $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ and recognise the equivalence of two quarters and one half. <br> - Count in fractions e.g. $3 \frac{1}{2}, 4,4 \frac{1}{2}, 5,5 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| Measurement | - Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights <br> $>$ long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half); <br> $>$ mass or weight (e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than); <br> capacity/volume (full/empty, more than, less than); | - Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels: <br> $>$ length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); <br> $>$ mass (kg/g); <br> $>$ temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$; <br> $>$ capacity (litres/ml) |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  | time (quicker, slower, earlier, later) <br> - Use non-standard measures to measure and begin to record the following: <br> $>$ lengths and heights; <br> > mass/weight; <br> > capacity <br> > volume <br> > time <br> - Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> - Sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening <br> - Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> - Tell the time to the hour and half past, and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. | - Compare and order lengths, masses, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = <br> - Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence ( $p$ ); combine amounts to make a particular value e.g. make 73 p using the fewest coins <br> - Find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money <br> - Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit including giving change e.g. I buy a cake for 60p and a biscuit for 25 p, how much change will I get from $£ 1$ ? <br> - Compare and sequence intervals of time <br> - Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> - Know the number of minutes in an hour and hours in a day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry Properties of shapes | - Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, in different orientations and sizes, including: <br> $>$ 2-D shapes (e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles); <br> > 3-D shapes (e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres). <br> - Know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids can be different sizes. | -Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and symmetry in a vertical line <br> - Draw lines and shapes using a straight edge <br> -identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces <br> - Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects e.g. sort 2-D shapes in different ways such as whether they are quadrilaterals and have line symmetry.... <br> -Recognise and name quadrilaterals, polygons e.g. pentagon, hexagon, octagon, prisms and cones <br> - Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, for example a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

Geometry -
Position and
direction

Use and interpret data

- Describe positions, directions and movements using language such as left and right, top, middle and bottom, on top of, in front of, above, between, around, near, close and far, up and down, forwards and backwards, inside and outside...
- Describe position, directions and movements, including half, quarter and three-quarter turns, in a clockwise direction
Pr
- Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns, including those in different orientations
- Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise), and movement in a straight line.
-Interpret and construct simple pictograms e.g. where the symbol represents 2,5 or 10 units, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
- Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.

|  | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Number and place value | Number and place value | Number and place value | Number and place value |
|  | Addition and subtraction | Addition and subtraction | Addition and subtraction | Addition and subtraction |
|  | Multiplication and division | Multiplication and division | Multiplication and division | Multiplication and division |
|  | Fractions | Fractions (including | Fractions (including | Fractions (including |
|  | Measurement | decimals) | decimals and | decimals and |
|  | Geometry - properties of | Measurement | percentages) | percentages) |
|  | shape | Geometry - properties of | Measurement | Measurement |
|  | Statistics | shape Geometry - position and | Geometry - properties of shape | Geometry - properties of shape |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  |  | direction Statistics | Geometry - position and direction Statistics | Geometry - position and direction <br> Statistics <br> Ratio and proportion Algebra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and place value | - Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8,50 and 100 <br> - find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a threedigit number (hundreds, tens, ones). <br> - Compare and order numbers up to 1000. <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words. | - Count in multiples of 6,7, <br> - 9, 25 and 1000. <br> - Find 1000 more or less than a given number. <br> - Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a fourdigit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones). <br> - Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000. Solve number and | - Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> - Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000 000. <br> - Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero. <br> - Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest <br> - 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and | - Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit. <br> - Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. <br> - Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. <br> - Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills



- Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas.
practical problems that involve all of the above
- 100000. 
- Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.

|  |  | and with increasingly large positive numbers. <br> - Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. | - Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number - <br> Addition and subtracti on | - Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens. <br> a three-digit number and hundreds. <br> - Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using | - Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. <br> - Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation. <br> - Solve addition and | - Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). <br> - Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. <br> - Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the | - Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a twodigit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  | formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. <br> - Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. | subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | context of a problem, levels of accuracy. <br> - Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. | interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. |  |  |  |


| Number - <br> multiplica <br> tion and <br> division |
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|  |

- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.
- Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods.
- Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects.
- Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$.
> Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1
$>$ dividing by 1
$>$ multiplying together three numbers.
- Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity mental calculations.
- Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a onedigit number using formal written layout.
- Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the
- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers.
- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19.
- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or twodigit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for twodigit numbers.
- Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers.
- Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.
- Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.
- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Mathematics.
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. Use estimation to check answers to calculations


## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  |  | distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to m objects. | - Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. <br> - Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. <br> - Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000. <br> - Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3). <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. | and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy. |
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|  |  |  | -Solve problems involving <br> addition, subtraction, <br> multiplication and <br> division and a <br> combination of these, <br> including understanding <br> the meaning of the <br> equals sign. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -Solve problems involving <br> multiplication and <br> division, including scaling <br> by simple fractions and <br> problems involving <br> simple rates. |  |  |  |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

| Fractions, decimals and percentag es | - Fractions. <br> - Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 . <br> - Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. | - Fractions (including decimals) <br> - Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. <br> - Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. <br> - Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate | - Fractions (including decimals and percentages) Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number. <br> - Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths. | - Fractions (including decimals and percentages) use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. <br> - Compare and order fractions, including fractions $>1$. <br> Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. <br> Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ ]. |
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## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.

Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators.

Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + $1 / 7=6 / 7]$.

Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.

Solve problems that involve all of the above.
quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including nonunit fractions where the answer is a whole number.

Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.

Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths.

Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4,1 / 2$ and 3/4.

Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.

Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number.

Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example, 2/5
$+4 / 5=6 / 5=11 / 5]$.
Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number.

Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.

Read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71=$ 71/100].

Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.

Divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$ ]

Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents.

Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers.

Use written division methods in cases where

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  |  | Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places. <br> Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. <br> Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. <br> Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. <br> Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 , and as a decimal. <br> Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5$, $4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . | the answer has up to two decimal places. <br> Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy. <br> Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills



## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  | Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. <br> Compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]. |  | Estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]. <br> Solve problems involving converting between units of time. <br> Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. | Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. <br> Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3 ), and extending to other units [for example, mm3 and km3]. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry properties of shape | Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them. <br> Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. <br> Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, | Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. <br> Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. <br> Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. | Identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations. <br> Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles. <br> Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees. | Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles. <br> Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets. <br> Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  | three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. <br> Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. | Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. | Identify: <br> - angles at a point and one whole turn. <br> - angles at a point on a straight line. <br> - $1 / 2$ a turn. <br> Other multiples of $90^{\circ}$. <br> Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. <br> Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. | quadrilaterals, and regular polygons. <br> Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. <br> Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Geometry position and direction |  | Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. <br> Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down. | Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. | Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants). <br> Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. |

## Westfield Primary School-Math Progression Skills

|  |  | Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Statistics | Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. <br> Solve one-step and two- step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs. <br> Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. | Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph. <br> Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. | Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. <br> Calculate and interpret the mean as an average |
| Ratio and proportion |  |  |  | Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. <br> Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison. |

\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline & & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { Solve problems involving } \\
\text { similar shapes where the } \\
\text { scale factor is known or can } \\
\text { be found. } \\
\text { Solve problems involving } \\
\text { unequal sharing and } \\
\text { grouping using knowledge of } \\
\text { fractions and multiples. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Algebra } & & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { Use simple formulae. } \\
\text { Generate and describe linear } \\
\text { number sequences. }\end{array} \\
\text { Express missing number } \\
\text { problems algebraically. }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}Find pairs of numbers that <br>
satisfy an equation with two <br>

unknowns.\end{array}\right\}\)| Enumerate possibilities of |
| :--- |
| combinations of two |
| variables. |

